

Year 6 Autumn Geography – Why does population change?

Key Knowledge

To know that the global population has grown significantly since the 1950s.
 To know how to use a range of data collection methods.
 To be aware of some issues in the local area.
 To know which factors are considered before people build settlements.
 To know migration is the movement of people from one country to another.
 To know some negative impacts of humans on the environment.

Key Skills

Suggesting reasons why the global population has grown significantly in the last 70 years.
 Describing the 'push' and 'pull' factors that people may consider when migrating.
 Using a simplified Likert Scale to record their judgements of environmental quality.
 Conducting interviews/questionnaires to collect qualitative data.
 Describing and explaining how humans can impact the environment both positively and negatively, using examples.

Do you remember learning?

Can you remember learning about life in the Alps and the desert?

Key Vocabulary

Population	The number of people living in a particular place
Densely populated	An area that contains many people relative to its size
Sparsely populated	An area that has few people relative to its size
Birth rate	The average number of babies born per 1000 people every year
Death rate	The average number of people dying per 1000 people every year
Push factor	Negative factors that push people away from a place
Pull factor	Positive factors that pull people towards a place
Migration	The act of people moving from one place to another
Refugee	People forced to leave their country to find safety because of conflict or war.

